ExxonMobil believes that achieving meaningful reductions in greenhouse gas emissions will require a wide range of solutions, and that CCS is one of the most vital technologies needed to mitigate the impacts of climate change.

According to the International Energy Agency (IEA) and Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), CCS is one of the critical technologies required to achieve net-zero emissions and the climate goals outlined in the Paris Agreement.

With more than 30 years of experience developing and deploying CCS technologies, ExxonMobil is well positioned as the global leader in CCS.

More than 30 years of CCS experience

More CO2 captured than any other company

Dedicated to deploying CCS at scale

Progressing broad portfolio of commercial opportunities, while continuing to develop new technology solutions

What is CCS

CCS is the process of capturing CO2 that would otherwise be released into the atmosphere and injecting it into deep geologic formations for safe, secure and permanent storage.

It is one of the only technologies that could enable some industry sectors to decarbonize, including the refining, chemicals, cement and steel sectors.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAPTURE</th>
<th>TRANSPORT</th>
<th>STORAGE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO2 is captured, or separated, from the emission source</td>
<td>Captured CO2 is transported to the storage site</td>
<td>CO2 is injected into underground reservoirs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To learn more visit corporate.exxonmobil.com/energy-and-innovation/carbon-capture-and-storage

Cautionary Statement

Statements of future events, investment opportunities or conditions in this document are forward-looking statements. Actual future results, including project plans and timing, carbon capture results, future emissions reductions and the impact of various environmental and technological factors on such, may not be realized due to a variety of factors, including but not limited to, capital availability, delays, commercial and other technical problems or difficulties, changes in laws and regulations, including laws and regulations regarding greenhouse gas emissions and carbon-related policies; changes in the global economy or regional political, economic or social conditions; capital cost escalations; capital cost escalations; changes to the capital structure and/or capital structure changes; changes in government policies or regulations; changes in technology; and other factors discussed in this document and in Item 1A. “Risk Factors” in ExxonMobil’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2019 and subsequent Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-Q, as well as under the heading “Factors Affecting Future Results” on the Investors page of ExxonMobil’s website at www.exxonmobil.com.